FINANCIAL STATEMENTS With Independent Auditor's Report

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

UNIFORM GUIDANCE SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL REPORTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019





FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

January 28, 2020

Board of Trustees Child Care Aware of Washington Tacoma, Washington

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Child Care Aware of Washington (a nonprofit corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph of this letter present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Child Care Aware of Washington as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Jacobon Junio & Co, PLLC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2020, on our consideration of Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jacobson Jarvis & Co. PLLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS

Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,105,963
Contract revenue receivable	3,688,874
Prepaid expenses	66,215
Total Current Assets	4,861,052
Deposit	22,537
Furniture and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	202 002
of \$395,966 and \$370,796	283,893
	\$ 5,167,482
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,221,833
Accrued payroll, vacation and other	208,280
Total Current Liabilities	3,430,113
Deferred Lease Liability	10,069
Total Liabilities	3,440,182
Net Assets	
Without donor restrictions	1,727,300
	\$ 5,167,482

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Without Donor Restrictions		
Public Support and Revenue		
Contact revenue		\$23,872,212
Foundations		950
Contributions		28,547
Membership, interest and other revenue		45,717
	Total Public Support and Revenue	23,947,426
Expenses		
Program services		23,030,416
Advocacy		100,638
Management and general		934,793
Fundraising		4,933
	Total Expenses	24,070,780
	Change in Net Assets	(123,354)
Net Assets - beginning of year		1,850,654
Net Assets - end of year		\$ 1,727,300

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Management				
	Program		and		
	<u>Services</u>	<u>Advocacy</u>	General	Fundraising	<u>Total</u>
Salaries	\$ 855,242	\$ 48,000	\$ 477,954	\$ 3,923	\$ 1,385,119
Payroll taxes and benefits	192,801	8,822	185,962	954	388,539
	1,048,043	56,822	663,916	4,877	1,773,658
Contract services	19,823,532	-	237	-	19,823,769
Scholarships	1,405,713	-	-	-	1,405,713
Training and technology services	101,942	-	57,181	-	159,123
Travel and meetings	245,908	20,824	7,570	47	274,349
Professional fees	134,905	13,721	88,476	-	237,102
Occupancy	100,315	4,150	48,021	-	152,486
Evaluation services	71,960	-	-	-	71,960
Printing and publications	26,738	2,766	4,945	8	34,457
Curriculum and training	19,126	1,647	13,862	-	34,635
Office supplies	1,957	106	19,678	-	21,741
Depreciation	12,381	-	12,789	-	25,170
Communications	21,816	598	6,014	-	28,428
Incentives and recognition	3,089	-	425	-	3,514
Insurance	-	-	9,467	-	9,467
Other expenses	12,991	4	2,212	1	15,208
Total Expenses	\$23,030,416	\$ 100,638	\$ 934,793	\$ 4,933	\$24,070,780

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash received from:		
Contractors		\$25,185,355
Donors and foundations		29,497
Interest		1,514
Other revenue		44,203
Cash paid for:		
Subrecipients		(19,823,769)
Personnel		(1,759,946)
Services and supplies		(3,419,934)
	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	256,920
Cash Flows Used by Investing Activities	;	
Purchases of property and equipment		(77,049)
	Changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents	179,871
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of	year	926,092
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of year		\$ 1,105,963

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Washington State Child Care Resource & Referral Network dba Child Care Aware of Washington (CCA of WA) is a nonprofit dedicated to ensuring that every child in Washington has access to high-quality child care and early learning programs. As a statewide organization, we influence child care and early learning policies while also delivering the means to make a positive difference for all children, including those furthest from opportunity.

We implement Early Achievers, Washington's Quality Rating and Improvement System that delivers high-quality training and professional development opportunities to child care providers across our state. Early Achievers delivers research-based, culturally-responsive best practices to providers so they may offer care that improves the lives of children and families, and helps close the opportunity gap.

With our CCA of WA Scholarships program we have a direct impact on early learning professionals who can enrich their expertise via higher education. We currently fund scholars across the state who are pursuing Bachelor's degrees in early childhood education.

CCA of WA also connects families to high-quality child care programs through our Family Center, which assisted more than 16,500 families in 2019. For more than 30 years Washington families have come to rely on us to help them find quality child care that meets their needs.

We are a managing network of six local member child care resource and referral programs housed in a variety of host organizations across the state. The CCA of WA Network subcontracts with these organizations to provide local child care resource and referral services, which include, but are not limited to, child care provider training, technical assistance and coaching, and outreach to parents and family, friend and neighbor caregivers. The CCA of WA Network serves as an information hub for the child care and early learning fields, leads and contributes to state and national policy and advocacy efforts and collects, compiles, analyzes and disseminates child care supply and demand data.

Created by state statue in 1986 and incorporated in 1989, the CCA of WA Network, formerly known as the Washington State Child Care Resource and Referral Network, is the only association of child care resource and referral agencies in the State of Washington.

Adoption of new accounting pronouncement

On August 18, 2016, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities. The update addresses the complexity and understandability of net asset classification, deficiencies in information about liquidity and availability of resources, and the lack of consistency in the type of information provided about expenses and investment return. CCA of WA has implemented ASU 2016-14 and has adjusted the presentation in these financial statements accordingly.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Basis of presentation

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. As of June 30, 2019, there were no net assets with donor restrictions.

Contributions restricted by donors are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets are released from restriction when the assets are placed in service.

Income taxes

The Internal Revenue Service has recognized Washington State Child Care Resource & Referral Network as exempt from federal income taxes under provision of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an entity described in Section 501(c)(3) and not as a private foundation.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

CCA of WA considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. CCA of WA maintains its cash and cash equivalents in bank accounts that may exceed federally-insured limits at times. CCA of WA has not experienced any losses in these accounts, and management does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair value measurements

In accordance with financial accounting standards, a three-tiered hierarchy of input levels is used for measuring fair value. Financial accounting standards defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Valuation techniques utilized to determine fair value are consistently applied. Transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period. The three tiers of inputs used for fair value measurements are as follows:

Level 1: Fair values are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2: Fair values are based on observable inputs that include: quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted market prices that are not in an active market; or other inputs that are observable in the market and can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets.

Level 3: Fair values are calculated by the use of pricing models and/or discounted cash flow methodologies, and may require significant management judgment or estimation. These methodologies may result in a significant portion of the fair value being derived from unobservable data.

As of June 30, 2019, CCA of WA had no assets or liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis. Assets and liabilities carried at fair value on a nonrecurring basis using level 2 inputs generally include donated goods, facilities and services. Long-term promises to give are valued on a nonrecurring basis using the net present value of future cash flows discounted at a risk-free rate of return which is a level 3 input. CCA of WA also uses fair value concepts to test various long-lived assets for impairment.

Promises to give

Promises to give are shown net of unrealizable amounts. Unconditional promises to give are recognized as revenues in the period received and as assets, decreases of liabilities, or expenses depending on the form of the benefits received. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. CCA of WA had no conditional or unconditional promises to give at June 30, 2019.

Furniture and equipment

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost or, if donated, at fair value at date of donation. Furniture and equipment with an original cost of \$1,000 or greater are capitalized. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of three to five years. Furniture and equipment are comprised of computers, software, website development, and database development.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Deferred contract revenue

Deferred contract revenue consists of unearned receipts on cost reimbursable grants and contracts.

Contract Revenue

A substantial portion of contract revenue is derived from grants and contracts administered by various federal and state government agencies. Revenue from these grants and contracts is subject to audits, which could result in adjustments to revenue. The adjustments are recorded at the time that such amounts can first be reasonably determined, normally upon notification by the government agency. During the year ended June 30, 2019, no such adjustments were made.

Functional allocation of expenses

The CCA of WA's federal award contracts, as passed through the State of Washington, include specific performance requirements for some of the activities that are often considered management and supporting services. For example, the statements of work in the contracts require the CCA of WA to provide technical assistance to member agencies; to administer the Washington scholarships program; to operate a public information telephone line; and to provide information to child care professionals and the general public regarding resource and referral services in Washington. The performance of these services and their associated costs are considered program functions.

The CCA of WA identifies and allocates certain overhead expenses, when material, to functional categories on the basis of overall CCA of WA efforts expended in these areas. Allocated expenses during the year ended June 30, 2019 primarily include salaries, subcontractor fess, rent and insurance, among other costs.

NOTE B - LIQUIDITY

CCA of WA receives significant government funding and considers this funding central to its annual operations to be available to meet cash needs for general expenditures. CCA of WA's Board of Trustees manages its liquidity and reserves following three guiding principles: operating within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability, maintaining adequate liquid assets to fund near-term operating needs, and maintaining sufficient reserves to provide reasonable assurance that long-term obligations will be discharged. The Board of Trustees aims to keep four to six months of reserves available. CCA of WA's financial assets available for general expenditures within one year as of June 30, 2019 totaled \$4,794,837. Financial assets are considered unavailable when illiquid or not convertible to cash within one year.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE C - CONCENTRATIONS

Credit Risk - Financial instruments that potentially subject CCA of WA to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash, cash equivalents and contract revenue receivable. CCA of WA places its temporary cash deposits with major financial institutions. At times, balances may exceed federally insured limits.

Contract revenue receivable balances are primarily from a variety of federal and state government agencies. Collateral is generally not required on any of these assets. CCA of WA has not experienced a history of significant credit-related losses.

CCA of WA receives the majority of its support for its operating activities from federal and state governments. A severe reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, would have a significant effect on CCA of WA's activities.

Support and Revenue - For the year ended June 30, 2019, CCA of WA received 99% of its support and revenue from one funding source. For the year ended June 30, 2019, 100% of CCA of WA's total outstanding contract revenue receivable balance was from the same funding source.

NOTE D - RETIREMENT PLAN 403b

Effective July 1, 2000, CCA of WA began sponsoring a benefits and retirement plan that is available to substantially all employees where employees receive a total benefit allowance per month and can allocate the allowance to pay for medical and other benefits, with the remainder allocated to their retirement plan, or the whole amount allocated to their retirement account if other benefits are not selected. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salary subject to annual limits under section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. In 2019, CCA of WA contributed a total of \$925 or \$700 per employee per month, depending on elections made, with the employee deciding how much, if any, to contribute to their individual 403(b) retirement account. The total employer 403(b) contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$77,460.

NOTE E - PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

Net assets without donor restrictions at the beginning of the fiscal year have been adjusted for additions to furniture and equipment that were erroneously expensed during the year ended June 30, 2018. The effect of the correction was an increase to furniture and equipment and an increase to net assets as of June 30, 2018 of \$213,766.

NOTE F - LEASE COMMITMENTS

Effective August 1, 2017, CCA of WA entered into a non-cancelable operating lease for office space that expires in July 2023. The lease addendum contains escalating rents which will be amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. In addition, CCA of WA is responsible for additional rent that includes their proportionate share of the lessor's operating expenses.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE F - LEASE COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Obligations under non-cancelable operating leases for future years ending June 30 are as follows:

2020	\$ 148,571
2021	153,046
2022	157,611
2023	162,326
2024	 13,560
	\$ 635,114

NOTE G - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events occurring subsequent to June 30, 2019 through January 28, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and has recognized in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at June 30, 2019, including the estimates inherent in the processing of financial statements.



THE WASHINGTON STATE CHILD CARE RESOUCE & REFERRAL NETWORK

(dba Child Care Aware of Washington)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor

Pass-through Grantor "Program Title"	Contract Number	CFDA Number	Passed Through to Suprecipients	Federal Expenditures
US Department of Health and Human Services Washington State Department of Early Learning	19 1000 07	02.575	*	¢ 12 220 455
"Child Care and Development Block Grant"	18-1090-07	93.575	* \$ 2,259,138	\$ 12,239,455
"Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants"	1140-CDIP-04	93.434		48,493
			\$ 2,259,138	\$ 12,287,948

^{*} Denotes major program

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of CCA of WA and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B - INDIRECT COST RATE

CCA of WA does not have a negotiated indirect cost rate for use on federal grants and contracts. As such, CCA of WA is eligible to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

January 28, 2020

Board of Trustees Child Care Aware of Washington Tacoma, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Child Care Aware or Washington, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001 through 2019-004 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Child Care Aware of Washington's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001.

Child Care Aware of Washington's Responses to Findings

Jacobon Janies & Co, PLLC

Child Care Aware of Washington's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Child Care Aware of Washington's responses were not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jacobson Jarvis & Co, PLLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REOUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

January 28, 2020

Board of Trustees Child Care Aware of Washington Tacoma, Washington

Report on Compliance with Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Child Care Aware of Washington's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Child Care Aware of Washington's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Child Care Aware of Washington's major federal programs are identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Child Care Aware of Washington's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Child Care Aware of Washington's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Child Care Aware of Washington's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Major Federal Program

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, Child Care Aware of Washington did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 93.575 Child Care and Development Block Grant as described in finding number 2019-005 for Subrecipient Monitoring. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Child Care Aware of Washington to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on Major Federal Program

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, Child Care Aware of Washington complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Child Care Aware of Washington is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Child Care Aware of Washington's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-05 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-06 to be a significant deficiency.

Other Matters

Child Care Aware of Washington's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Child Care Aware of Washington's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jacobson Jarvis & Co, PLLC

Jacobon Junios & Co, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Child Care Aware of Washington.
- 2. Deficiencies in internal control relating to the financial statements are reported in the "Independent Auditor's Report Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*." Items 2019-001 through 2019-004 were deemed to be material weaknesses.
- 3. An instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Child Care Aware of Washington was disclosed during the audit. Item 2019-001 was deemed to be a material noncompliance.
- 4. Deficiencies in internal control relating to the audit of the major federal award program are reported in the "Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance as Required by the Uniform Guidance." Item 2019-005 was deemed to be a material weakness and item 2019-006 was deemed to be a significant deficiency.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award program for Child Care Aware of Washington expresses a modified opinion.
- 6. Audit findings relative to the major federal award program for Child Care Aware of Washington are reported in Part C of this Schedule.
- 7. The program tested as major was Child Care and Development Block Grant, CFDA No. 93.575.
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Child Care Aware of Washington was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2019-001 Internal Controls over Supplemental Information

Criteria: Award recipients must identify, in their accounts, all Federal Awards received and expended and the Federal programs under which they were received. Award recipients must also prepare an accurate Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, including all federal awards for the year under audit, in accordance with the Office of Budget Management (OMB).

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

Condition: The initial Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards prepared by Child Care Aware understated total federal awards by \$8,088,833 and amounts paid to subrecipients by \$5,829,695.

Context: This finding was noted through communication with the funding agency and review of the award agreement and amendments that were applicable to the year under audit.

Effect: Amounts of Federal awards received were not initially reported accurately on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards due to utilizing a subsequent email communication containing federal and state funding split that didn't match the initial contract split. This led to communicating the amounts of Federal awards inaccurately to subrecipients which led to a material compliance finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that management thoroughly review the grant award and all communication from funding agencies and ensure reports reflects accurate information.

Views of a Responsible Official: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation as reflected in the corrective action plan.

2019-002 Segregation of Duties over Electronic Fund Transfers

Criteria: Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements. This includes maintaining adequate segregation of duties over electronic fund transfers.

Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties over electronic fund transfers in that the Director of Finance and Accountability has the ability to initiate and transmit electronic fund transfers without oversight.

Context: This finding was noted through internal controls testing over cash disbursements whereby we noted a lack of adequate controls over electronic funds transfers.

Recommendation: We recommend that someone outside of the accounting department be responsible for transmitting approval to the bank for electronic fund transfers.

Views of a Responsible Official: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation as reflected in the corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

2019-003 Financial Reporting

Criteria: Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Condition: During 2019, the Interim CEO was not routinely reviewing internal financial statements or bank reconciliation reports. Additionally, there is no independent review of the accounting treatment of complex transactions to ensure that they have been properly recorded.

Context: Significant audit adjustments were necessary during the audit process in order for the financial statements to be presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals, including a significant prior period adjustment to the audited financial reports. In FY18, the organization contracted with developers to create new database systems and an updated website. These costs were expensed at the time rather than capitalized. The corrected financial statements reflect these adjustments.

Recommendation: We recommend that management assess the current design of internal controls over financial reporting and implement controls that would enhance the adherence to financial reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards.

Views of a Responsible Official: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation as reflected in the corrective action plan.

2019-004 Monitoring

Criteria: A comprehensive, fully integrated control system should include a formal monitoring process by management and the Board. A formal monitoring process over the internal control system as a whole helps ensure that the policies and procedures as described are, in fact, working as designed over time and are the appropriate controls for the needs and risks of the organization.

Condition: Child Care Aware of Washington does not currently have a formal monitoring process that would ensure internal controls are properly designed and operating effectively. Lack of monitoring of financial statement controls could lead to degradation of internal controls over time.

Context: The audit identified material weaknesses in the internal controls system.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that management assess the current design of internal controls for their effectiveness and efficiency and then implement the monitoring controls deemed to be appropriate by management and the Board, documenting and applying them on a consistent basis.

Views of a Responsible Official: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation as reflected in the corrective action plan.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT 2019-005 Non-compliance over Subrecipient Monitoring

Federal Agency: Department of Health and Human Services CFDA No. 93.575

Criteria: Pass-through entities must properly identify Federal award information and compliance requirements to the subrecipient.

Condition: Child Care Aware of Washington provided inaccurate federal award amounts to subrecipients.

Questioned Costs: The pass-through amount communicated to subrecipients was understated by \$5,829,695.

Effect: The subrecipients were misinformed as to the amounts for which federal compliance requirements were to be adhered.

Cause: Management communicated the pass-through amounts to subrecipients based on a split of federal and non-federal amounts provided by the funder after the contract was signed and implemented. This communication differed from what was presented in the grant award.

Recommendation: We recommend that Child Care Aware of Washington inform subrecipients of the amounts that are federal and non-federal based on the amounts outlined in the final grant award.

Views of a Responsible Official: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation as reflected in the corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT (Continued)

2019-006 Internal Control Over Procurement and Suspension and Debarment

Federal Agency: Department of Health and Human Services CFDA No. 93.575

Criteria: Award recipients must adopt and maintain procurement policies that comply with procurement standards set out at 2 CFR sections 200.318 through 200.326. In addition, they must have procedures in place to ensure that contractors hired are not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in federally funded programs.

Condition: Child Care Aware of Washington has drafted, but not yet adopted a procurement policy that meets the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and has not established procedures to ensure that contractors hired are not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in federally funded programs.

Questioned Costs: No reportable questioned costs.

Effect: The lack of a procurement policy that meets the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, including procedures to ensure that contractors are not suspended or debarred, could lead to inappropriate purchasing decisions and potentially disallowed costs.

Cause: Management did not fully understand the procurement requirements of the Uniform Guidance.

Recommendation: We recommend that Child Care Aware of Washington adopt and maintain procurement policies that comply with procurement standards set out at 2 CFR sections 200.318 through 200.326, including procedures to ensure that contractors hired are not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in federally funded programs.

Views of a Responsible Official: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation as reflected in the corrective action plan.



January 31, 2020

JACOBSON JARVIS & CO, PLLC 200 First Avenue West, Suite 200 Seattle, WA 98119-4219

Re: Corrective Action Plan for 2019 Fiscal Year Audit Findings

Pursuant to findings 2019-01 through 2019-06 from our fiscal year 2019 audit for the period ending 6-30-19, please see our corrective action plan below.

2019-01 Internal Controls over Supplemental Information

Criteria: Award recipients must identify, in their accounts, all Federal Awards received and expended and the Federal programs under which they were received. Award recipients must also prepare an accurate Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, including all federal awards for the year under audit, in accordance with the Office of Budget Management (OMB).

Condition: The initial Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards prepared by Child Care Aware understated total federal awards by \$8,088,833 and amounts paid to subrecipients by \$5,829,695.

Context: This finding was noted through communication with the funding agency and review of the award agreement and amendments that were applicable to the year under audit.

Effect: Amounts of Federal awards received were not initially reported accurately on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards due to utilizing a subsequent email communication containing federal and state funding split that didn't match the initial contract split. This led to communicating the amounts of Federal awards inaccurately to subrecipients which led to a material compliance finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that management thoroughly review the grant award and all communication from funding agencies and ensure reports reflects accurate information.

Corrective Action 1:

CCA of WA typically receives the Federal and State split for its core contract by activity from the DCYF after the contract with CCA of WA is signed and executed. CCA of WA has implemented a change in practice that involves checking that the total funding allocations contained in all subsequent communications from the funder match the original core contract allocations between federal and state



funding. Then reconciling those amounts by funding source when developing and finalizing its regional subcontracts.

To facilitate error reduction further, CCA of WA will invest in a contracts management system to better track all aspects of the contracting processes and relationships.

2019-002 Segregation of Duties over Electronic Fund Transfers

Criteria: Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements. This includes maintaining adequate segregation of duties over electronic fund transfers.

Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties over electronic fund transfers in that the Director of Finance and Accountability has the ability to initiate and transmit electronic fund transfers without oversight.

Context: This finding was noted through internal controls testing over cash disbursements whereby we noted a lack of adequate controls over electronic funds transfers.

Recommendation: We recommend that someone outside of the accounting department be responsible for transmitting approval to the bank for electronic fund transfers.

Corrective Action 2: CCA of WA has put into place an updated EFT initiation protocol and reporting to bring in an additional staff person to verify payees and amounts and document the verification.

2019-003 Financial Reporting

Criteria: Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Condition: During 2019, the Interim CEO was not routinely reviewing internal financial statements or bank reconciliation reports. Additionally, there is no independent review of the accounting treatment of complex transactions to ensure that they have been properly recorded.

Context: Significant audit adjustments were necessary during the audit process in order for the financial statements to be presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, including a significant prior period adjustment to the audited financial reports. In FY18, the organization contracted with developers to create new database systems and an updated website. These costs were expensed at the time rather than capitalized. The corrected financial statements reflect these adjustments.



Recommendation: We recommend that management assess the current design of internal controls over financial reporting and implement controls that would enhance the adherence to financial reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards.

Corrective Action 3: Now that CCA of WA has a permanent CEO in place who is on the Finance Committee, they will be closely monitoring the financials and reviewing bank reconciliations. CCA of WA is setting up a relationship with an outside consulting firm to serve as a place to regularly check in with and assist with thinking through complex transactions.

2019-004 Monitoring

Criteria: A comprehensive, fully integrated control system should include a formal monitoring process by management and the Board. A formal monitoring process over the internal control system as a whole helps ensure that the policies and procedures as described are, in fact, working as designed over time and are the appropriate controls for the needs and risks of the organization.

Condition: Child Care Aware of Washington does not currently have a formal monitoring process that would ensure internal controls are properly designed and operating effectively. Lack of monitoring of financial statement controls could lead to degradation of internal

Context: The audit identified material weaknesses in the internal controls system.

Recommendation: We recommend that management assess the current design of internal controls for their effectiveness and efficiency and then implement the monitoring controls deemed to be appropriate by management and the Board, documenting and applying them on a consistent basis.

Corrective Action 4: CCA of WA will utilize the consultant mentioned corrective action 3 to evaluate the agency's internal controls resulting in recommendations to strengthen them including board oversight. CCA of WA's Finance Committee will oversee this work and make recommendations to the Board of Trustees regarding the actions they take and the changes to board meetings to reflect appropriate financial governance by the end of April 2020.

2019-05 Non-compliance over Subrecipient Monitoring

Federal Agency: Department of Health and Human Services CFDA No. 93.575

Criteria: Pass-through entities must properly identify Federal award information and compliance requirements to the subrecipient.

Condition: Child Care Aware of Washington provided inaccurate federal award amounts to subrecipients.



Questioned Costs: The total pass-through amount communicated to subrecipients was correct. The Federal portion of the total dollars was understated by \$5,829,695.

Effect: The subrecipients were misinformed as to the amounts for which federal compliance requirements were to be adhered.

Cause: Management communicated the pass-through amounts to subrecipients based on a split of federal and non-federal amounts provided by the funder after the contract was signed and implemented. This communication differed from what was presented in the grant award.

Recommendation: We recommend that Child Care Aware of Washington inform subrecipients of the amounts that are federal and non-federal based on the amounts outlined in the final grant award.

Views of a Responsible Official: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation as reflected in the corrective action plan.

See Corrective Action 1.

2019-06 Internal Control Over Procurement and Suspension and Debarment

Federal Agency: Department of Health and Human Services CFDA No. 93.575

Criteria: Award recipients must adopt and maintain procurement policies that comply with procurement standards set out at 2 CFR sections 200.318 through 200.326. In addition, they must have procedures in place to ensure that contractors hired are not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in federally funded programs.

Condition: Child Care Aware of Washington has drafted, but not yet adopted a procurement policy that meets the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and has not established procedures to ensure that contractors hired are not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in federally funded programs.

Questioned Costs: No reportable questioned costs.

Effect: The lack of a procurement policy that meets the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, including procedures to ensure that contractors are not suspended or debarred, could lead to inappropriate purchasing decisions and potentially disallowed costs.

Cause: Management did not fully understand the procurement requirements of the Uniform Guidance.

Recommendation: We recommend that Child Care Aware of Washington adopt and maintain procurement policies that comply with procurement standards set out at 2 CFR sections 200.318



through 200.326, including procedures to ensure that contractors hired are not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in federally funded programs.

Views of a Responsible Official: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation as reflected in the corrective action plan.

Corrective Action 5: CCA of WA updated its draft policies and has submitted them for review, comment, and approval by its Board of Trustees. We expect to have appropriate policies in place by the end of February 2020.

Deeann Puffert, CEO Operations

Alan Strand, Director of Finance &

Lois Martin, Board Co-Chair Co-Chair David McCrae, Board

Dated January 31st, 2020